



## Infection Control Manual – Residential Care

### Part 3 – Infection Control Standards

#### IC6: Additional Precautions

Infection/Condition	Precautions	
	Type	Duration/Comment
pharyngeal	D	* until off antibiotic and culture negative x 2
Enteroviral infections	R	
Epstein-Barr virus (infectious mononucleosis)	R	
E. coli gastroenteritis (see Gastroenteritis)		
ESBL (Extended Spectrum Beta Lactamase producing organisms)	R	Contact precautions if evidence of transmission
Gastroenteritis (diarrhea)	C	if feces cannot be contained * (if epidemic)
<i>Campylobacter</i>	C	* until feces can be contained
C difficile	C	until no diarrhea for 72 hours
<i>Cryptosporidium</i>	R	*
<i>E. coli O157:H</i>	C	* until feces can be contained
E. coli – other species	R	
<i>Giardia lamblia</i>	R	
<i>Noro (Noro-like) virus</i>	C	* (if endemic) until no diarrhea for 48 hours mask when handling emesis See GI Outbreak Protocol
Rotavirus	C	until feces can be contained
Salmonella	C	* until feces can be contained

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Shigella species	C	* until feces can be contained
Viral (if not covered elsewhere)	C	* until no diarrhea for 72 hours
Foodborne illness		*
German measles (see Rubella)		
Giardiasis (see Gastroenteritis)		
Hand, foot and mouth disease (see Enteroviral infections)		
Helicobacter pylori	R	
Hepatitis, viral		
Hepatitis A	R	*
Hepatitis B and HbsAg positive (chronic carrier)	R	*
Hepatitis C	R	*
Hepatitis D/E/ G	R	*
Herpes simplex		
Mucocutaneous and disseminated or primary, severe	C	until lesions are dry
Mucocutaneous and recurrent (skin, oral or genital)	R	
Herpes zoster (Varicella zoster, shingles, chickenpox)		
Localized, in immune competent resident	C	Susceptible HCW should not enter room if there is an immune care giver available Assess immunity of roommates. Consult Infection Control
Localized, in immune compromised resident	A /C	
Disseminated	A/C	

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Chickenpox	A/C	Consult Infection Control
HIV	R	*
Impetigo	C	Until 24 hours of effective treatment
Infectious mononucleosis (see Epstein-Barr virus)		
Influenza	D / C	For duration of symptoms or 5 days whichever is sooner See RI protocol **
Legionnaires' Disease	R	* *
Lice	C	until 24 hours after treatment
Methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus (active infection) (MRSA)		
No risk factors for transmission and or colonized	R	See MRSA standard
Risk factors for transmission	C	See MRSA standard
Measles	A	* 4 days after onset of rash
Meningitis	D/C	*
Mumps	D/C	
Mycoplasma pneumoniae	D/C	for duration of illness
Noro (Noro-like) virus (see Gastroenteritis)		
Pediculosis (see Lice)		
Pertussis (Whooping cough)	D	* for 5 days after start of antibiotic therapy
Pinworm	R	
Pneumonia		

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Unknown cause	D/C	
Adenovirus	D/C	for duration of illness
Bacterial not listed elsewhere	R	
Chlamydia spp.	R	
<i>H. influenzae</i>	R	
Mycoplasma spp.	D/C	
<i>Pneumocystis carinii</i>	R	
<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i>	R	
Streptococcus, group A invasive	D/C	* see Streptococcal disease
Viral	D/C	
Respiratory Infection	D/C	
Respiratory Syncytial Virus (RSV)	R	Use Droplet Precautions if resident respiratory hygiene is poor
Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome (SARS)	A/C	*
Rheumatic fever	R	
Ringworm	R	
Rotavirus infection (see Gastroenteritis)		
Rubella (German measles)	A	* for 4 days after onset of rash
Salmonellosis (see Gastroenteritis)		
Scabies	C	until 24 hours post treatment
Skin wound or burn (see Abscess)		
Staphylococcal disease (S aureus); See abscess, pneumonia		
Streptococcal disease (group A Streptococcus) See abscess or pneumonia		* (if invasive e.g. necrotizing fasciitis,

Infection/Condition	Precautions	
	Type	Duration/Comment
		sepsis)
Tuberculosis, Active Pulmonary Disease	A	* (if active disease)
Mantoux skin test positive but no evidence of active respiratory disease	R	
Extrapulmonary	R	
Urinary Tract Infection (including pyelonephritis), with or without urinary catheter	R	
Vancomycin-resistant enterococcus (VRE)		
No risk factors for transmission	R	See VRE Standard
Risk factors for transmission	R	See VRE standard
Varicella Zoster (see Herpes zoster)		
Whooping cough (see Pertussis)		
Wound infection (see Abscess)		
Zoster (see Herpes zoster)		

## References

CDC Guidelines for Isolation precautions: Preventing transmission of infections in health Care settings 2007.

<http://www.cdc.gov/hicpac/2007IP/2007isolationPrecautions.html>

PIDAC Routine Practices and additional precautions in all health care settings. 2012.

[http://www.publichealthontario.ca/en/eRepository/RPAP\\_All\\_HealthCare\\_Settings\\_Eng2012.pdf](http://www.publichealthontario.ca/en/eRepository/RPAP_All_HealthCare_Settings_Eng2012.pdf)