

Outbreak Checklist – Suspect Case

For sympt	tomatic client(s)	
	Follow droplet precautions and use appropriate personal protective	
	equipment (which includes a gown, surgical/procedural mask, eye protection,	
	and gloves) to deliver care to the respective client, including the collection of the	
	NP swab for testing.	
	Post Droplet signage outside the client's room (see Droplet Precautions Poster)	
	Provide personal protective equipment (gowns, gloves, surgical/procedural	
	masks, eye protection) and hand hygiene station outside the room for staff use	
	prior to entering the room.	
	Dedicate equipment (e.g thermometer, BP cuff, stethoscope, and commode) as	
	much as possible. Equipment that cannot be dedicated must be cleaned and	
	disinfected (using Accel intervention wipes, Cavi wipes or Sani Cloth) before	
	subsequent reuse. Provide disinfectant wipes. Refer to Health Canada COVID-19	
	Approved Disinfectants: <u>Health Canada COVID-19 Approved Disinfectant.</u>	
	Isolate the client within their room, to minimize exposure risk to other clients and staff. If client is taken out of their room, provide a surgical/procedural mask to the	
	client if tolerated and assist in cleaning their hands if required	
	Initiate droplet precautions:	
	Only essential Aerosol Generating Procedures (AGP) should be performed	
	and will require donning a N95 respirator. This is in addition to eye	
	protection, gown and gloves. Follow <u>Aerosol Generating Procedures</u>	
	(AGP) regarding appropriate PPE. N95 respirator is not required for	
	droplet precautions only	
	Nursing staff (LTC only) Obtains a nasopharyngeal (NP) swab specimen:	
	a. For Instructions on how to collect a nasopharyngeal swab see	
	Collecting a Nasopharyngeal Specimen for Culture below	
	The swab should be obtained as soon as possible and sent	
	to BCCDC	
	 Label requisition "LTC" to ensure prioritized testing 	
Additional steps facility should initiate		
	Notify leaders for the facility (Director of Care/AL Site Manager and/or Facility	
	Medical Director)	
	Hold all admissions to entire facility until swab results are known. Notify FH	
	Access, Care & Transitions (ACT). At the time of matching, a discussion will occur	
	to either halt the move or break the match.	
	Cleaning: Inform housekeeping of the need for enhanced cleaning for the	
	affected facility (see section 'cleaning' of <u>BCCDC LTCF COVID-19</u> document for	
	details and *NEW* Housekeeping Quick Reference: Enhanced Cleaning during	
	<u>COVID-19</u>))	
	a. 2x/day cleaning throughout the facility including high-touch	
	surfaces (door knobs, faucets in bathrooms, common areas,	
	dining rooms, gyms, recreational therapy rooms, shared	
	equipment).	
	b. Use 0.5% accelerated hydrogen peroxide wipes or bleach wipes	



	Food service: Meals for client awaiting test results should be provided in their
	room during isolation. Food delivery is done by cohorted staff and not by food
	services staff. The number of residents eating at a table must be controlled to
	allow enough distance apart to meet the required physical distance (minimum 2
	metres). Practice one or more of the following to meet physical distancing
	requirements:
	a. Assign residents in small groups to the shared dining room,
	b. Space seating to allow a two metre separation between
	residents,
	c. Stagger the meal times,
	d. Distribute groups into other available rooms.
	Notify client's primary care provider to determine if further assessment and
	treatment is indicated.
	Notify client's family / substitute decision-maker / next-of-kin regarding the
	situation.
	Notify (as relevant) BC Ambulance, and other similar transportation suppliers,
	oxygen services, laboratory services and other service providers of any outbreak
	control measures that may affect their provision of services
	Document goals of care: Ensure proactive goals of care conversations are
	occurring, documented on the advance care planning record and client's MOST is
	current & up to date. Ensure facility Medical Director, delegate or Most
	Responsible Provider are involved and aware of client's goals of care.
	Cohort staff: Cohort staff assignment as much as possible. Staff working with
	symptomatic clients should avoid working with clients who are well. As much as
	possible, staff providing care/treatment to multiple clients within the facility should
	begin with unaffected units/clients and progress to affected units/clients. The
	same principle will also apply to housekeeping staff.
	Staff personal protective equipment (PPE): Staff to follow extended
	surgical/procedural mask and eye-protection protocol in all client areas. Staff
	entering the rooms of affected clients should follow Droplet Precautions including
	surgical/procedural mask, eye-protection, gloves and gown
	Hand Hygiene: Staff should follow meticulous hand hygiene practices following
	the 4 moments of hand hygiene and when doffing PPE. Instruct, educate and
	enable all clients to clean their hands before eating, after toileting and before
	coming out of their room
	Client symptom monitoring: facility should continue twice daily screening of all
	clients
For either	symptomatic client and/or staff
	Maintain separate report and tracking lists of symptomatic staff and/or clients
	(see Public Health Tool 27: Resident Iness Report and Tracking Form or Public
	Health Tool 28: Staff Illness Report and Tracking Form), submit daily via Fax:
	604-587-4418
	Active Screening 2 x per shift: Beginning and during shift for all staff. Screen staff
	for: symptoms (i.e. fever, new or worsening cough, new or worsening shortness of
	breath, sore throat, and nausea /vomiting and diarrhea); travel outside of Canada,
	and/or; contact with confirmed COVID-19 case.
	and/or, contact with commute $COVID$ -19 Case.
	TIDS: ACTIVE SCREENING of all staff: follow PC CDC guidalings for acrossing at
	TIPS: ACTIVE SCREENING of all staff: follow BC CDC guidelines for screening at
	beginning of shift and during shift. Staff screening of each other must occur and it
	must be documented during their shift. FH Screeners can be deployed in an



	utbreak situation and screening will occur 2 x shift beginning and during nift.
Pr	epare for Public Health Risk Assessment:
	 Description of the facility: how many clients? Any shared rooms? How many levels of the facility? How many buildings? Common spaces? Independent Living / Assisted Living or Long Term Care Facilities? Are there other levels of service sharing the same 'campus'?
	 Prepare plans for isolation in the event many clients became ill. Is there a recreation room or other space that could be repurposed to cohort COVID positive clients?
	 Layout of the facility: a plan, building drawings or map of the facility if available. Identify where any suspect or confirmed clients are currently.
	 Staffing: staff that have interacted with the symptomatic client, etc.